

N° candidat :

Admissibilité Août 2020

Nom, Prénom :

## QCM Oral Comprehension 1

Tea, drugs and war: Hong Kong's British history explained - BBC News

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-AxGm2eR9Og>

1. Why is Hong Kong called “the fragrant harbour”?
  - a. Because of tea
  - b. Because of drugs
  - c. We aren’t told
  - d. It’s an ironic name given due to the sea pollution there
  
2. Opium is stated as a way for the British to:
  - a. Make money
  - b. Subjugate the population
  - c. Provide an alternative to tea
  - d. To control the medication trade
  
3. The Opium War happened because:
  - a. The British wanted access to more opium
  - b. Britain wanted to suppress Chinese military power
  - c. The Chinese were concerned about Britain’s colonial aspirations
  - d. Too many Chinese people were addicted to opium
  
4. Hong Kong island was handed over:
  - a. As a war tribute
  - b. As a graceful gesture
  - c. As a commercial transaction
  - d. Because of military occupation
  
5. It is stated that Hong Kong’s financial system was:
  - a. A failure that got absorbed by the mainland communist regime
  - b. A roaring success
  - c. An example of how not to run a country
  - d. An argument against communism going forward

6. How long was the lease of Hong Kong to the UK?
  - a. 99 years
  - b. 96 years
  - c. 100 years
  - d. 50 years
  
7. At the time of the handover:
  - a. Hong Kong was handed over with no further guarantees provided to the people who lived there
  - b. Britain maintained some form of control over Hong Kong
  - c. A transition period was agreed upon
  - d. Hong Kong people had to profess their allegiance to communism
  
8. Hong Kong:
  - a. Would become an independent country with a constitution
  - b. Would be independent for a further 50 years
  - c. Would have some rights guaranteed for 50 years
  - d. Could be handed back to the UK if Chinese rule proved to be unsuitable
  
9. The troubles in Hong Kong today stem from:
  - a. People not wanting to be handed over to China
  - b. People wanting to become British again
  - c. People wanting to flee Hong Kong
  - d. People who feel the rights they were promised in 97 are not being upheld
  
10. The phrase “one country two systems” refers to:
  - a. Hong Kong’s banking and financial systems
  - b. A number of guaranteed rights
  - c. The retention of British legacy within a Chinese country
  - d. Hong Kong’s double currency